

LEAP III: PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF USAID/BELARUS' 13 PROJECT

USAID Learning, Evaluation, and Analysis Project III (LEAP III)

Contractor: Integra Government Services International LLC

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INTRODUCTIONS

Contracted by Integra LLC, under the Learning, Evaluation, and Analysis Project III (LEAP III):

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EVALUATION OVERVIEW



EVALUATION PARAMETERS

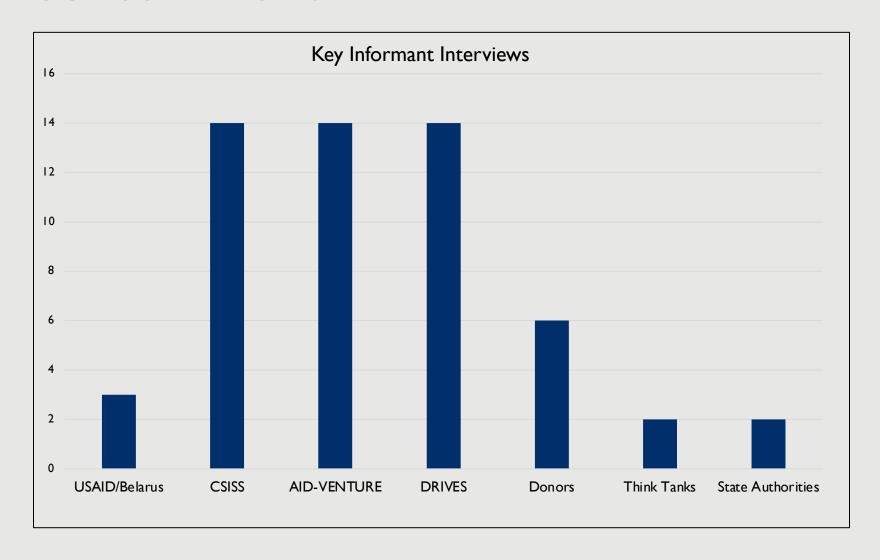
- Evaluation of the Increasing private sector competitiveness through improving the enabling environment, Improving management and operational capacity, and Increasing access to finance (I3) project and the AID-VENTURE, DRIVES, and CSISS activities
- Based on five guiding questions provided by USAID, focusing on relevance, effectiveness, and efficiency
- Evaluation included desk research and remote field data collection
- Data was collected through a mixed-methods approach, combining qualitative key informant individual and group interviews (KIIs) and a quantitative online survey
- Field data was collected from July to August 2020
- Held check-in calls with USAID/Belarus and provided participation to KIIs

13 OVERVIEW

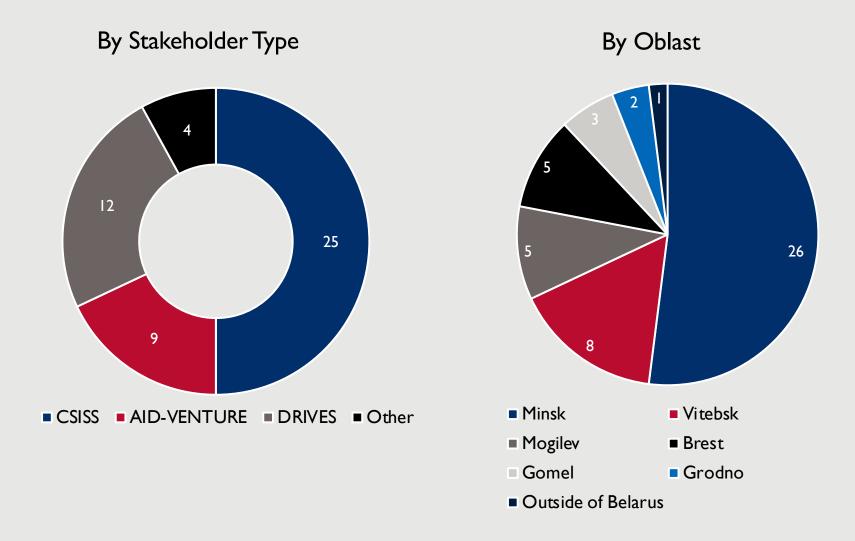
ACTIVITY NAME	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVES
AID-VENTURE	 Contribute to the creation of the legal and regulatory framework conducive to venture funding; Expand the availability of venture capital to help build a local community of private venture investors and integrate Belarus into the international venture funding ecosystem; Build capacity for venture fund creation; and Strengthen connections between demand and supply—bring investors closer to startups.
DRIVES	 Build the capacity of institutions in Belarus to provide relevant and current entrepreneurship courses; Increase educational opportunities that are geographically and financially accessible to Belarusian entrepreneurs, especially outside of Minsk, in order to increase entrepreneurial activity and the number of new businesses in Belarus; and Provide opportunities for young entrepreneurs to network, share business plans, and be mentored by fellow entrepreneurs.
CSISS	 Create a network of local organizers of startup development activities; and Build a sustainable system of promotion, cultivation, training and expertise for start-ups and small businesses.

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STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEWS AND CONSULTATIONS



SURVEY DATA - 50 TOTAL RESPONDENTS



KEY TAKEAWAYS By Evaluation Questions (EQs)



EQ1: Have the 13 project activities contributed to increasing the competitiveness of SMEs in Belarus?



KEY TAKEAWAYS - EQ I

- Increased access to knowledge and skills necessary to start and grow a business, including at the regional level
- Improved availability of funding necessary to start a business
- Raised awareness of risks & rewards of entrepreneurism and improved attractiveness acceptance
- Needed advanced legislative and policy reforms in area of financing

WHAT ARE THE MOST IMPORTANT CHANGES THAT OCCURRED IN SME DEVELOPMENT OVER THE PAST 5 YEARS IN BELARUS?



I. Quality and accessibility to business education



4. Legislation/regulation



2. Increased attention to start-ups, including young businesses/entrepreneurships



5. Increased attention/ support to women-entrepreneurs



3. Business enabling environment

EQ2: Have the current modes of implementation of the AID-VENTURE, DRIVES and CSISS activities been efficient in achieving respective project goals?



KEY TAKEAWAYS – EQ 2

- I3 projects efficiently used a broad spectrum of activities and new technology to enhance capacity of investors, start-up entrepreneurs, and implementing partners
- Introduced "state of the art" technology, allowing efficient outreach of trainings to the regions
- Variety of approaches engaged representatives of key stakeholder groups while contributing to improvement of SME ecosystem
- Level of leveraging of private and state resources was nominal

EQ 2 – AID VENTURE

Created a community of effective local investors capable of identifying and counseling innovative start-ups

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- Created network of local investors and an established platform for communication, sharing of information, and mentoring
- Trained start-ups in effectively presenting innovative ideas and forming partnerships
- Introduced events that matched investors with entrepreneurs
- Improved legislation and policies governing start-up early stage SME finance
- Minimal outreach and impact in regions achieved
- Framework for future public sector engagement created but currently insufficient to expect sustainability of key activities

EQ 2 – DRIVES

Current and aspiring entrepreneurs and SME owners acquired critical business knowledge and skills throughout the regions

- Tailored business courses in response to feedback and demands
- Introduced "state of the art technology"
- Established regional centers, engaging local stakeholders
- Created networking events to offset drawbacks of online learning
- Potential market distortion on regional business education and training providers
- Level of IPM training fees without USAID support may prove to not be competitive

EQ 2 - CSISS

Contributed to creating an entrepreneurial culture among youth and support for start-ups throughout the regions

- Start-up business training tailored to needs of start-ups and young entrepreneurs
- "Training of Trainer" trainings improved partner competency
- Established a network of local service providers and leveraged local resources
- Introduced innovative events (business breakfast) for women/other groups
- Fee-based training to target sectors threatens sustainability
- Lack of regional businesses & investors at networking events
- Little assistance to advance students on pathway to becoming entrepreneur
- Turnover of trainers and key personnel within regional partners threatens sustainability

EQ3: How organizationally efficient are the implementing partners?



KEY TAKEAWAYS – EQ 3

USAID/Belarus is recognized as being highly effective and efficient in filling a critical development "niche" while working with and increasing capacity of implementing partners.

- CSISS is implemented by a young, dynamic, fast growing, and effective team that is engaged and eager to learn
- DRIVES' IPM is experienced, highly professional, and a recognized leader in business education and research
- AID-VENTURE's partner is a proven, well-known NGO leader that continues to improve and creatively adapt in order to address local needs

- Needs to improve organizational capacity and strategic communication
- Needs to significantly improve the governance, incentives, and operations of their regional network
- Needs to increase transparency and improve communication with partners and beneficiary participants (last minute announcement/info provision)

EQ4: How successful were implementing partners in their PSE efforts?



KEY TAKEAWAYS – EQ 4

- Although not specifically required, each partner made efforts to engage the private sector and adjusted their activities to better align with practical needs
- Private sector was marginally engaged to leverage financial resources and create a framework for future financing and sustainability
- Knowledge and experience of business leaders and local investors in Minsk was leveraged into trainings and events, but strategy was minimal in regions
- More effort is needed to engage the private sector and ensure constraints to their growth are addressed and mitigated

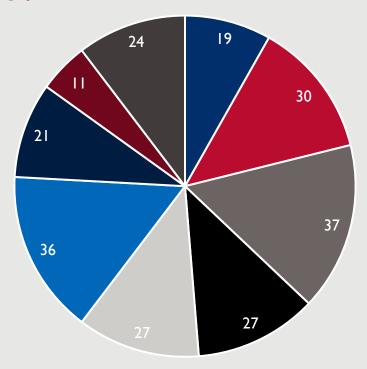
EQ5: Are there new, emerging entrepreneurship development needs in Belarus to be addressed?



KEY TAKEAWAYS – EQ 5

- Entrepreneurship ecosystem continues to improve, but access to business training, financial support, and market information and assistance needs to continue to improve, especially in the regions
- "One-Stop" business start-up/SME development centers should be created
- Existing opportunities to enhance local and international value chains, improve production and processing, and increase sales should be identified and highlighted to local entrepreneurs
- Improving the capacity of existing regional techno parks, incubators and aligning university business programs and services to local business needs holds great potential.
- Regional private sector stakeholders should be engaged as co-creator of future programs supporting traditional and innovative industries.

WHAT KIND OF ADDITIONAL SUPPORT IS NEEDED WITHIN A FRAMEWORK OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT?



- Policy development
- Business support infrastructure
- Grants
- Best practices
- Lower administrative costs accountant

- Education
- Study visits
- Access to funding
- Simplication of new business registration

OVERALL INITIAL IMPRESSIONS

- USAID/Belarus team proved to be innovative and successful in identifying the right "niche" to effectively use relatively small budgets for maximum impact
- The amount of dedication shown from selected group of local partner organizations that contribute to development of Belarus is impressive
- Investors and young entrepreneurs participating in program activities recognize, appreciate, and value the benefits from USAID assistance
- Women currently in business and aspiring to become entrepreneurs are proactive, ambitious, well-educated, and recognized as valued team members and leaders
- Protests and government response dramatically impacts the future of civil society, economic development, and quality of life throughout Belarus



NEXT STEPS

Week of Draft Report October 5 Receive Mission By October 16 Comments Week of Final Report October 19

— QUESTIONS?





FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

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